2007 CEC 18 A IC: 17 John T. British

Office of International Corporate Finance Securities and Exchange Commission 450 Fifth Street N.W Washington DC 20549

USA

26 November 2007



SUPPL

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Aggreko plc File Number 82-4659

On behalf of Aggreko plc, I hereby submit information summarised on the attached schedule, pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Yours Faithfully

APrIL

A Paul Allen **Company Secretary**  **PROCESSE!** 

**DEC 2 8 2007** 

**THOMSON** FINANCIAL

JUN 12/19

Title Date Entity requiring item

Interim Report 13<sup>th</sup> September 2007 UK Financial Services Authority

Form 287
Change of situation of Registered Office
24<sup>th</sup> September 2007 UK Companies Registry

# Companies House --- for the record -

DX 33050 Cardiff

DX 235 Edinburgh or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2

Change in situation or address of Registered Office Please complete in typescript,

or in bold black capitals. CHWP000

Company Number	SC177553	ı
Company Name in full	Aggreko plc	

NOTE:		For English and Welsh co Scottish companies, the a	mpanies, the add ddress must be i	dress must b n Scotland.	be in England or Wales. For
The change in the situation of the	Address	8th Floor,			
registered office does not take effect until the Registrar has registered this notice.		120 Bothwell Street,			
For 14 days beginning	Post town	Glasgow			
with the date that a change of registered office is registered, a	County / Region	Scotland		Postcode	G2 7JS
person may validly serve any document on the company at its previous registered office.					
PO Box numbers only are not acceptable.					377 10%
					80
	Signed	APala		Date	24 SEPTEMBER 2007
† Please delete as appropriate.		†_a_director / secretary /-admin	ietrator / administrati	ve receiver / liq	widator / receiver manager / receive
You do not have to give information in the box of		Paul Allen, Aggre	ko plc		
you do, it will help Companies House to contact you if there is a query on		120 Bothwell Street,	Glasgow		
the form. The contact inf	ormation that	G2 7JS	Tel 0141	225 5900	
you give will be visible to the public record.	searchers or	DX number	DX exchai		

Registrar of Companies at:

for companies registered in Scotland

Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ

Companies House, 37 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EB

for companies registered in England and Wales

10/03

This form has been provided free of charge

by Companies House.

# INTERIM 2007

7007 GEC 18 A 10: 17

SC. THIT SATIONS

Aggreko plc Interim Report 2007

aggreko

# CONTENTS

### Reports

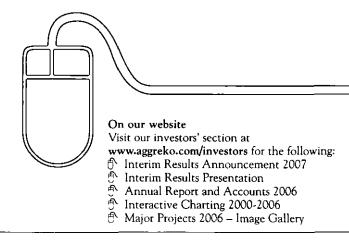
Performance 1 Chairman's Statement 2 Business Review 4

#### Accounts

Group Income Statement 10
Group Statement of Recognised Income and Expense 10
Group Balance Sheet 11
Group Cash Flow Statement 12
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt 12
Notes to the Interim Accounts 13
Independent Review Report to Aggreko plc 18

### **Shareholders**

Shareholder Information 19 Financial Summary 20



# PERFORMANCE

# Financial highlights for the six months ended 30 June 2007

Revenue £m
Trading profit £m
Profit before tax £m
Diluted EPS pence
Dividend per share pence <sup>1</sup>

		Move	ement
2007	2006	As reported %	Constant Currency %
317.5	238.0	33.4	42.8
50.9	30 <i>.7</i>	65.5	83.1
47.5	29.6	60.3	
11.50	7.08	62.3	
3.04	2.53	20.0	

Revent £m	ue				
2007			317.5		
2006		238.0			940.
2005	167.2			40000	
2004	150.8		323G		
2003	159.3		<b>391.</b> 0		

Trading p	rofit	
2007	50.9	
2006	30.7	96.7
2005 17.8	50A	
2004 16.8	46.0	
2003 17.8	42.0	

Profit befo £m	re tax	<u></u>
2007	47.5	
2006	29.6	<b>86.</b> 10
2005 16.6	804	
2004 15.7	42.5	
2003 17.2	400.0	

Diluted EPS Pence	5	
2007	11.50	
2006	7.08	19.97
2005 4.13	19.70	
2004 3.98	10.20	
2003 4.36	10.04	

Dividence Pence	d per share	
2007	3.041	
2006	2.53	O.T.
2005	2.34	<b>@10</b>
2004	2.25	8.02
2003	2.20	5.65

<sup>1</sup> Under IFRS the liability for an interim dividend is only recognised in the period when it is approved and therefore these interim accounts do not reflect the interim dividend of 3.04 pence (2006: 2.53 pence). The dividend in these accounts represents the final dividend for 2006 of 4.19 pence per share which was paid during the first half of 2007.

Half year 🔲 Full year

### Chairman's Statement

### Philip Rogerson Chairman



#### Introduction

I am pleased to report that Aggreko has produced another very strong set of results for the first half of 2007. The most notable performance was in our International business, where the strong demand we have seen in the last few years has continued unabated. It is also encouraging to report that our European business grew strongly in the first half, while our North American business grew revenues by 14% in constant currency!

Encouraging progress has also been made in integrating the business of GE Energy Rentals, which we acquired on 4 December 2006. The integration in terms of people, locations and systems is essentially complete and the operations of the two businesses are now fully combined. The rebranding and servicing of the acquired fleet is also progressing well with the bulk of this work likely to be complete by the end of the year.

### Trading

Reported revenue in the first half at £317.5 million (2006: £238.0 million) was 33% higher than 2006 while revenue, in constant currency and excluding pass-through fuel<sup>2</sup> from our contracts in Sri Lanka and Uganda, increased by 41%.

Pre-tax profits rose to £47.5 million, an increase of 60% and basic earnings per share increased by 63% to 11.64 pence. Diluted earnings per share increased by 62% to 11.50 pence.

During the first six months of the year, Aggreko's capital expenditure amounted to £84.3 million, compared with £70.6 million in the same period last year. It is expected that capital expenditure for the full year will be around £185 million compared with £128.0 million in 2006. This increase in capital expenditure will support revenue growth and reflects the continued high levels of utilisation across the Group, most notably in our International business.

Largely as a consequence of the higher level of capital expenditure, net debt increased during the period by £18.5 million to £223.7 million; this compares with £130.2 million at 30 June 2006. Aggreko's financial position remains strong, as measured by net assets of £247.4 million (30 June 2006: £213.0 million) and interest cover of 9.3 times (2006: 11.5 times).

### Dividend

Taking account of the strong trading performance, the Board has decided to declare an interim dividend of 3.04 pence per share, which is an increase of 20% over the 2006 interim dividend. This interim dividend will be paid on 16 November 2007 to shareholders on the register at 19 October 2007, with an ex-dividend date of 17 October 2007.

<sup>2</sup> Pass-through fuel revenue relates to two contracts in Sri Lanka and Uganda in our International Projects business where we provide fuel on a pass-through basis.

Constant currency takes account of the impact of translational exchange movements in respect of our businesses which operate in currency other than sterling.

### **Board Changes**

I am delighted to welcome two new Non-Executive Directors to the Board of Aggreko. David Hamill joined the Board as a Non-Executive Director on 1 May 2007. David, who is Chairman and Chief Executive of ICI Paints, has considerable experience in businesses which, like Aggreko, operate on a global basis. Robert MacLeod joined the Board of Aggreko on 10 September 2007. Robert, a Chartered Accountant who is Group Finance Director of WS Atkins Plc, has excellent financial experience gained in an international environment.

#### Outlook

We have made a good start to the second half of 2007 with encouraging levels of activity.

In North America, after a cold start to the summer season, trading in July and August improved as temperatures increased. We are still seeing growth in demand, although this could change quite rapidly and we remain watchful for any impact current macro-economic events might have on our customers. We have good momentum going into the last four months of the year, and we believe that, short of a major deterioration in market conditions, performance in the second half will be well ahead of last year.

In Europe, the key summer trading period began slowly due to poor weather across many parts of Europe in May, June and July. The business has however regained momentum in recent weeks and we expect performance for the full year to be well ahead of the previous year.

In Aggreko International's Local business the strong market conditions are likely to continue, and we expect continued year on year growth in the second half, albeit at a rather slower rate than in the first half.

The strong demand we have seen in the International Power Projects business continues unabated. With the new contracts secured in the first half of 2007, and with many existing contracts extending, we anticipate another strong performance from this business in the second half.

Overall, we now anticipate that Aggreko's performance for the year will be well ahead of market expectations.

Philip G Rogerson

Chairman

13 September 2007

### **Business Review**

### **Rupert Soames** Chief Executive



Angus Cockburn Finance Director



**Group Trading Performance** 

Aggreko delivered an exceptionally strong trading performance during the first half of 2007, notwithstanding adverse currency movements. Group revenue, as reported, was up 33% on 2006 at £317.5 million (2006: £238.0 million), while Group trading profit of £50.9 million (2006: £30.7 million) increased by 65%. Group trading margin improved from 12.9% in 2006 to 16.0% in 2007 and return on capital employed, measured on a rolling 12-month basis, improved from 21.1% in 2006 to 24.4%.

Group profit before tax grew by 60% to £47.5 million (2006: £29.6 million) and profit after tax increased by 63% to £30.9 million (2006: £19.0 million). Earnings per share increased by 63% to 11.64 pence (2006: 7.14 pence).

The effect of currency movements in the period – mainly the US dollar exchange rate – has been to decrease revenue by £15.6 million and trading profit by £2.9 million on a like-for-like basis. Pass-through fuel accounted for £28.1 million (2006: £18.3 million) of reported revenue of £317.5 million.

Excluding the impact of the currency movements as well as pass-through fuel revenue, Group revenue grew by 41% (as reported: 33%) and trading profit by 83% (as reported: 65%). On the same basis, trading margin in the first half was 17.2% (as reported: 16.0%) which compares with 13.7% in 2006 (as reported: 12.9%).

			Ma	vement
	2007	2006	As	Constant
	2 million	noillim 2	reported	currency
Revenue	317.5	238.0	33.4%	42.8%
Revenue excl				
pass-through fuel	289.4	219.7	31.7%	40.7%
Trading profit	50.9	30. <i>7</i>	65.5%	83.1%
Operating profit	53.3	32.4	64.1%	81.3%
Net interest expense	(5.8)	(2.8)	(104.3)%	
Profit before tax	47.5	29.6	60.3%	
Taxation	(16.6)	(10.6)	(55.9)%	
Profit after tax	30.9	19.0	62.8%	
Basic earnings				
per share (pence)	11.64	7.14	62.9%	_

The Group's growth was supported by substantial investment in new fleet during the period. Total capital expenditure for the period was £84.3 million, £13.7 million up on the prior year.

Update on the acquisition of GE Energy Rentals

The Group acquired the Energy Rentals business of General Electric (GE-ER) in December 2006. This acquisition increased our world-wide power and temperature control fleet by about 30%, and the integration of the two businesses is now virtually complete. All the organisational challenges associated with integrating the employees from GE Energy Rentals into the Aggreko business are behind us and we are delighted by the calibre of our new colleagues and the speed with which they assimilated themselves into Aggreko. All the major property changes have been executed and the GE business was very quickly transferred onto Aggreko's information technology platform. In terms of the acquired fleet, most has

now been re-branded and serviced and we expect to complete the remaining work by the end of the year. As at August 2007, over 50% of the GE-ER power fleet and 55% of the chiller fleet was on rent.

The terms of the acquisition allowed GE to deliver to Aggreko, subject to certain conditions, further equipment to a maximum potential consideration of £14.9 million during 2007. So far, £6.7 million of this deferred consideration has been paid. We are now confident that the returns from this acquisition will exceed our original expectations as a result of lower-than-expected acquisition and integration costs and higher utilisation of the acquired fleet.

Regional Trading Performance as reported in £ million

	2 21 roportud a	R	evenue		Trodi	ng Profit	
Management Group	Geography/Line of Business	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	Change %	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	Change Y
Local business	Geography/ Bile of Dusiless	L UIIIIKAI	E HUMON	<del>~~~~</del>	2 111111011	2 million	
North America	USA & Canada	74.8	72.2	3.6%	11.2	12.3	(9.3)%
Europe	Northern Europe	39.5	28.9	36.7%	3.9	0.2	1,963.9%
•	Continental Europe	37.2	29.9	24.6%	1.1	0.3	257.9%
International	Middle East,						
Local Businesses	Asia-Pacific, South America	53.3	35.2	51.3%	10.7	7.5	42.5%
Sub-total Local business	-	204.8	166.2	23.2%	26.9	20.3	32.4%
International Power Proje	cts						
International	International Power Projects						
	excl. pass-through fuel	84.6	53.5	58.1%	23.0	9.8	132.0%
International	Pass-through fuel	28.1	18.3		1.0	0.6	
Sub-total International Power Projects		112.7	71.8	56.9%	24.0	10.4	129.9%
Group		317.5	238.0	33.4%	50.9	30.7	65.5%
Group	North America	74.8	72.2	3.6%	11.2	12.3	(9.3)%
•	Europe	76.7	58.8	30.6%	5.0	0.5	894.9%
	International	166.0	107.0	55.1%	34.7	17.9	93.5%
Group		317.5	238.0	33.4%	50.9	30.7	65.5%
Group excluding pass-throu	ugh fuel	289.4	219.7	31.7%	49.9	30.1	65.2%

### Business Review continued

The performance of each of these regions in the first half is described below:

### Local business: North America

	2007 \$ million	2006 \$ million	Change %
Revenue	147.4	129.3	13.9%
Trading profit	22.0	22.0	-%

Our Local business in North America continued to make progress in the first half with revenue increasing by 14% to \$147.4 million and trading profit at a similar level to last year. This led to a decrease in trading margin to 14.9% (2006:17.0%), mainly as a result of the additional depreciation of the GE-ER fleet.

Most areas performed well in the first half, although revenues in the Gulf area and in our cooling tower business, both of which benefited from the reconstruction work in the aftermath of the 2005 hurricane season, were below last year. The Great Lakes and West areas, in particular, performed well.

In terms of business mix, rental revenue grew by 15% and services revenue grew by 11%. Power revenue for the first half was 21% ahead of the prior year, while temperature control revenue for the period was 13% ahead of last year. Oil-free air revenue was 6% ahead of the prior period.

As we said at the time of the acquisition, the main challenge in North America is putting to work the 45% increase in power fleet arising from the GE Energy Rentals acquisition. Considerable effort has been made during the first half to get the equipment re-branded and serviced in time for the start of our key summer trading period and we are well positioned to take advantage of any opportunities that may arise in the second half.

#### Local business: Europe

### Revenue

	2007 € million	2006 € million	Change %
Northern Europe	58.6	42.1	39.2%
Continental Europe	55.1	43.4	26.7%
Total Europe	113.7	85.5	33.0%

### Trading Profit

	2007 € million	2006 € million	Change %
Northern Europe	5.8	0.2	2,001.5%
Continental Europe	1 <i>.7</i>	0.5	264.4%
Total Europe	7.5	0.7	913.0%

Our European businesses continued the momentum gained last year and made good progress in the first half with revenues increasing by 33% and trading profit increasing by €6.8 million. Trading margin increased to 6.6% (2006: 0.9%).

In Northern Europe, revenue of €58.6 million for the first six months was 39% higher than the prior period with revenue increasing in all areas. The fastest-growing areas were the UK South East, with strong utility and construction sector growth, and our UK Events business, which undertook a number of large contracts in the period, including Glastonbury.

Rental revenue increased by 32%, with power and temperature control revenue increasing by 41% and 2% respectively; revenues from oil-free air increased by 12%. The small increase in temperature control revenue reflects the cool start to the summer season in June. Services revenue, which mainly comprises fuel and transport, grew by 51%. Revenue growth was driven across several sectors most notably utilities, events and contracting. It is particularly encouraging to see the Northern Europe trading margin increasing from 0.7% to 9.9%, notwithstanding the large increase in lower-margin service revenues.

Revenue in Continental Europe was 27% higher than the previous period at €55.1 million and trading profit increased by €1.2 million over the same period last year. Rental revenue grew by 28%, while services revenue grew by 24%. Within rental revenue, power increased by 34%, while temperature control and oil-free air increased by 16% and 18% respectively. Included within the headline numbers are revenues relating to major power projects in Russia and Greece. Excluding these major projects, underlying revenues increased by 22% over the same period last year.

Performance in most areas in Continental Europe was encouraging with particularly strong growth in France, Spain and Italy. Across Continental Europe, revenues grew strongly over the prior year in most sectors.

### Local business: Aggreko International

	2007 \$ million	2006 \$ million	Change %
Revenue	105.1	63.1	66.5%
Trading profit	21.0	13.4	56.8%

Aggreko's International Local businesses in the Middle East, Asia, Australia, New Zealand and South America had another excellent first half. In aggregate, period-on-period revenue grew by 66% to \$105.1 million, which resulted in trading profit growth of 57% to \$21.0 million and trading margin of 20.0% as against 21.2% in 2006.

Infrastructure development in the Middle East continues to drive high levels of activity particularly in the UAE, Saudi Arabia and Qatar; the largest sector is construction which continues to show strong growth. It is also encouraging to see our temperature control revenue in the Middle East growing rapidly year on year. In Australia the booming mining industry and work helping utilities to respond to breakdowns and emergencies has seen revenues increase by 43% over last year.

Our local business in South & Central America has been transformed by the acquisition of the GE-ER businesses in Brazil, Mexico and Chile. To Aggreko's existing service centres in Manaus and Macae, the GE-ER acquisition has added Campinas, Mexico City, Santiago, Antofagasta and Puerto Monte. The additional service centres and strong demand in the oil & gas sector drove local business revenues in South & Central America to increase by 385%.

In Asia, our new service centre in Hong Kong had a difficult first half, but Shanghai, which opened a few months later, is performing well; we have recently won our first major project in China, with 9 MW to be provided to a mining project in Yunnan. Our largest local business in the area – Singapore – continued to perform well, with revenues increasing by 26%.

International Power Projects: Aggreko International

	2007 \$ million	2006 \$ million	Change %
Revenue (excluding pass-through fuel)	166.7	95.8	74.0%
Trading profit (excluding pass-through fuel)	45.5	1 <i>7.</i> 8	155.2%

Trading in the first six months in our International Power Projects business has been exceptionally strong with revenue, excluding pass-through fuel, growing by 74% to \$166.7 million and trading profits increasing by 155% to \$45.5 million.

The revenue growth reflects very high levels of utilisation on a fleet significantly larger than last year; during the period the business reached a landmark with over 1,500 MW on hire. Furthermore, there was a noticeable decline in the number of contracts demobilising, as many customers extended their contracts; this had a significant impact on both revenues and margins as it can take several months to re-deploy equipment to new contracts, during which time the fleet is not earning revenue. The consequent high utilisation and lower project deployment costs resulted in exceptionally strong trading margins of 27.3%, up from 18.6% in 2006.

During the period we have won fourteen new contracts, including over 100 MW in Yemen and 60 MW in Qatar. Our International Power Projects businesses in Africa, Middle East and Asia all delivered good growth; in aggregate during the first six months of 2007 we carried out power projects in a total of 49 countries and the number of operational projects increased by over 13% over the same period last year. As anticipated, on a sector basis we increased our utility revenues as a percentage of total revenue, although military revenues continued to grow.

In July 2007 we announced that we had been selected as the Exclusive Supplier of Temporary Power and Temperature Control to the Beijing 2008 Olympic Games. At this stage, this agreement covers sponsorship arrangements only, but as a result of this agreement we are well-placed to negotiate a supply agreement with the Chinese authorities.

### **Business Review** continued

#### Outlook

We have made a good start to the second half of 2007 with encouraging levels of activity.

In North America, after a cold start to the summer season, trading in July and August improved as temperatures increased. We are still seeing growth in demand, although this could change quite rapidly and we remain watchful for any impact current macro-economic events might have on our customers. We have good momentum going into the last four months of the year, and we believe that, short of a major deterioration in market conditions, performance in the second half will be well ahead of last year.

In Europe, the key summer trading period began slowly due to poor weather across many parts of Europe in May, June and July. The business has however regained momentum in recent weeks and we expect performance for the full year to be well ahead of the previous year.

In Aggreko International's Local business the strong market conditions are likely to continue, and we expect continued year on year growth in the second half, albeit at a rather slower rate than in the first half.

The strong demand we have seen in the International Power Projects business continues unabated. With the new contracts secured in the first half of 2007, and with many existing contracts extending, we anticipate another strong performance from this business in the second half.

Overall, we now anticipate that Aggreko's performance for the year will be well ahead of market expectations.

# Financial Review Currency Translation

The net overall impact of exchange rates on currency translation in the first six months of 2007 was to decrease revenue and trading profit by £15.6 million and £2.9 million respectively. Currency translation also gave rise to a £1.7 million decrease in reserves as a result of period on period movements in exchange rates. Set out in the table below are the principal exchange rates affecting the Group's overseas profits and net assets.

	20	007	2006		
Per £ sterling	Average	Period End	Average	Period End	
Principal Exchange Rat	es			_	
United States dollar	1.97	2.00	1.79	1.84	
Euro	1.48	1.48	1.46	1.45	
Other Operational Exc	hange Ra	tes			
UAE Dirhams	<b>7.24</b>	7.37	6.58	6.77	
Australian dollar	2.44	2.36	2.41	2.48	
Source: Reuters					

### Interest

The net interest charge for the first half of 2007 was £5.8 million, an increase of £3.0 million on 2006, reflecting the higher level of net debt during the period. Interest cover decreased to 9.3 times from 11.5 times in 2006.

### **Effective Tax Rate**

The current forecast of the effective tax rate for the full year, which has been used in the interim accounts, is 35.0% as compared with 36.0% in the same period last year. This decrease in the tax rate largely reflects the change in regional mix of profits.

#### **Dividends**

Based on the proposed interim dividend of 3.04 pence per ordinary share, an increase of 20.0% as compared with the same period in 2006, dividend cover is 3.8 times (30 June 2006: 2.8 times).

### Cashflow

The net cash inflow from operations during the first six months of 2007 totalled £96.6 million (2006: £60.5 million). EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation) for the period amounted to £98.5 million, up 45.9% on 2006. This helped to fund capital expenditure of £84.3 million, which was up £13.7 million on the same period in 2006 reflecting increased investment in our rental fleet to support the growth of the business. In addition, £6.7 million of a maximum potential deferred consideration of £14.9 million was paid to GE for the delivery of additional fleet assets as part of the GE Energy Rentals acquisition in December 2006.

It is pleasing to note that working capital efficiency as measured by revenue/debtors and revenue/inventories improved over the same period last year.

Net debt increased by £18.5 million during the period and, at £223.7 million, is £93.5 million higher than at 30 June 2006. As a result of the increase in net debt, gearing (net debt as a percentage of equity) at 30 June 2007 increased to 91% from 61% at 30 June 2006.

### **Net Operating Assets**

The net operating assets of the Group (including goodwill) at 30 June 2007 totalled £502.1 million, up £119.0 million on the same period in 2006. The main components of Net Operating Assets are:

£ million	2007	2006	Movement
Rental Fleet	349.5	277.0	26.1%
Property, Plant	42.1	38.5	9.7%
Inventory	51.6	38.4	34.3%
Net Trade Debtors	96.9	<i>7</i> 9.1	22.6%

A key measure of Aggreko's performance is the return (expressed as operating profit) as a percentage of average net operating assets; we call this measure Return on Capital Employed (ROCE). For each first half we calculate ROCE by taking the operating profit on a rolling 12 month basis and expressing it as a percentage of the average net operating assets at 30 June, 1 January and the previous 30 June. For the full year, we state the period's operating profit as a percentage of the average net operating assets as at 31 December, the previous 30 June and 1 January. The average net operating assets for the 12 months to 30 June 2007 were £451.8 million, up 28% on the same period in 2006, and the operating profit for the same period was £110.4 million. In the first half of 2007 the ROCE increased to 24.4% compared with 21.1% for the same period in 2006.

### Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity increased by £21.2 million to £247.4 million in the six months ended 30 June 2007, represented by the net assets of the Group of £471.1 million before net debt of £223.7 million. The movements in shareholders' equity are analysed in the table below:

Movements in Shareholders' Ed	quity	
	£ million	£ million
As at 1 January 2007	•	226.2
Profit for the financial period Dividend <sup>1</sup>	30.9 (11.1)	
Retained earnings		19.8
New share capital subscribed Purchase of own shares held		0.4
under trust Credit in respect of employee		(4.3)
share awards		2.6
Actuarial gains on retirement ben	efits	3.1
Currency translation difference		(1.7)
Other <sup>2</sup>		1.3

<sup>1</sup> Reflects the dividend of 4.19 pence per share (2006: 3.77

### Shareholder information

As at 30 June 2007

Our website can be accessed at www.aggreko.com. This contains a large amount of information about our business, including a range of charts and data, which can be down loaded for easy analysis. The website also carries copies of recent investor presentations, as well as Stock Exchange announcements.

Rupert Soames Chief Executive

Angus Cockburn Finance Director

13 September 2007

247.4

pence) that was paid during the period.

Other includes tax on items taken directly to reserves and movements in the hedging reserve.

# Group Income Statement

For the six months ended 30 June 2007 (unaudited)

				ber		
Revenue Operating expenses	Notes 4	6 months ended 30 June 2007 £ million 317.5 (264.2)	6 months ended 30 June 2006 £ million 238.0 (205.6)	Total before exceptional items 2006 £ million 540.7 (451.2)	Exceptional items (Note 5) 2006 £ million - (9.2)	2006 £ million 540.7 (460.4)
Operating profit Finance costs - Interest expense	4	53.3	32.4	89.5 (7.2)	(9.2)	80.3
- Interest income		0.6	0.4	0.8	<u>-</u>	0.8
Profit before taxation Taxation	8	47.5	29.6	83.1	(9.2)	73.9
<ul><li>UK</li><li>Overseas</li></ul>		(3.6) (13.0)	(2.4) (8.2)	(6.4) (23.5)	0.7 1.5	(5.7) (22.0)
Profit for the period		30.9	19.0	53.2	(7.0)	46.2

The above results relate to continuing operations and all profit for the period is attributable to equity shareholders of the Company.

Earnings per share (pence)

Basic	7	11.64	7.14	20.05	(2.64)	17.41
Diluted	7	11.50	7.08	19.87	(2.62)	17.25

# Group Statement of Recognised Income and Expense

Profit for the period Actuarial gains on retirement benefits	6 months ended 30 June 2007 £ million 30.9	6 months ended 30 June 2006 £ million 19.0	Year ended 31 Dec 2006 £ million 46.2 1.5
Movement of deferred tax on pension liability	(0.9)	(0.6)	(0.4)
Cashflow hedges (net of deferred tax)	_	1.3	1.2
Net exchange losses offset in reserves	(1.7)	(9.1)	(20.5)
Total recognised income for the period	31.4	12.5	28.0

# Group Balance Sheet

As at 30 June 2007 (unaudited)

Non-current assets	Notes	30 June 2007 £ million	30 June 2006 £ million	31 Dec 2006 £ million
Goodwill	9	46.1	_	46.9
Intangible assets		10.6	1.4	11.5
Property, plant and equipment		391.6	315.5	353.8
Financial assets - derivative financial instruments		0.8	1.1	1.1
Deferred tax asset		<u> </u>	0.4	1.0
		450.1	318.4	414.3
Current assets				
Inventories		51.6	38.4	41.5
Trade and other receivables		156.0	121.2	153.2
Financial assets - derivative financial instruments		1.0	0.9	0.9
Cash and cash equivalents	3	8.1	8.6	13.0
Current tax assets		1.3	2.5	1.3
		218.0	171.6	209.9
Total assets		668.1	490.0	624.2
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities  - Borrowings	10	(2.9)	(56.2)	(10.3)
Trade and other payables	10	(157.7)	(98.2)	(141.4)
Current tax liabilities		(11.2)	(10.5)	(9.4)
Provisions	11	(2.6)	(0.3)	(5.9)
		(174.4)	(165.2)	(167.0)
Non-current liabilities				
Financial liabilities	10	(222.0)	(02.6)	(207.0)
- Borrowings	10	(228.9)	(82.6)	(207.9)
Derivative financial instruments  Deferred tax liabilities		(0.1) (11.2)	(0.1) (12.5)	(0.3) (9.4)
Retirement benefit obligation		(5.0)	(15.6)	(13.1)
Provisions	11	(1.1)	(1.0)	(0.3)
		(246.3)	(111.8)	(231.0)
Total liabilities		(420.7)	(277.0)	(398.0)
lord riddinies				
Net assets		247.4	213.0	226.2
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	•	54.0	53.8	53.9
Share premium		7.5	6.9	7.2
Treasury shares		(10.6)	(6.5)	(9.1)
Capital redemption reserve Hedging reserve (net of deferred tax)		0.1 1.2	0.1 1.3	0.1 1.2
Foreign exchange reserve		(27.4)	(14.3)	(25.7)
Retained earnings		222.6	171.7	198.6
Total shareholders' equity		247.4	213.0	226.2
/				

# **Group Cash Flow Statement**

For the six months ended 30 June 2007 (unaudited)

Notes	6 months ended 30 June 2007 £ million	6 months ended 30 June 2006 £ million	Year ended 31 Dec 2006 £ million
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations 2	96.6	60.5	160.2
Tax paid	(11.4)	(12.2)	(26.2)
Net cash generated from operating activities	85.2	48.3	134.0
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisitions (net of cash acquired)	(6.7)		(95.8)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment (PPE)	(84.3)	(70.6)	(128.0)
Proceeds from sale of PPE	4.4	2.7	4.7
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(86.6)</u>	<u>(67.9</u> )	(219.1)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net proceeds from issue of ordinary shares	0.3	0.1	0.5
Net increase in borrowings	18.7	32.4	113.9
Interest received	0.6	0.4	0.8
Interest paid	(6.1)	(3.0)	(6.8)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(11.1)	(10.0)	(16.7)
Purchase of treasury shares	(4.2)		(2.6)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(1.8)	<u> 19.9</u>	<u>89.1</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(3.2)	0.3	4.0
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period Exchange loss on cash and cash equivalents	10.0	6.0 (0.1)	6.0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period 3	6.8	6.2	10.0

## Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

For the six months ended 30 June 2007 (unaudited)

(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash inflow from movement in debt		6 months ended 30 June 2007 £ million (3.2) (18.7)	6 months ended 30 June 2006 £ million 0.3 (32.4)	Year ended 31 Dec 2006 £ million 4.0 (113.9)
Changes in net debt arising from cash flows Exchange gains		(21.9) 3.4	(32.1) 4.8	(109.9) 7.6
Movement in net debt in period Net debt at beginning of period  Net debt at end of period	10	(18.5) (205.2) (223.7)	(27.3) (102.9) (130.2)	(102.3) (102.9) (205.2)
Hot dopt at one of parioe	10	(22311)	(130.2)	- (203.2)

### Notes to the Interim Accounts

For the six months ended 30 June 2007 (unaudited)

1 Basis of preparation of interim Accounts

- i. This interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority and has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the European Union. The interim Accounts have been prepared on the basis of the principal accounting policies as set out on pages 72 to 78 of the Group's 2006 Annual Report and Accounts. As permitted, the Group has chosen not to adopt IAS 34 Interim Financial Statements, in preparing these interim financial statements, and therefore this information is not wholly compliant with International Financial Reporting Standards.
- ii. The results for the half years to 30 June 2007 and 2006 are unaudited but have been reviewed by the Group's auditors, whose report is on page 18.
- iii. These interim financial statements do not comprise statutory Accounts within the meaning of Section 240 of the Companies Act 1985.
- iv. The statutory Accounts for 2006 have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies. The report of the auditors on those accounts was unqualified and did not contain a statement under either Section 237(2) or 237(3) of the Companies Act 1985.

of 251(5) of the Companies Let 1909.			
2 Cashflow from operating activities	ć	61	v
	6 months ended	6 months ended	Year ended
	30 June	30 June	31 Dec
	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	2006 £ million
Deaft for the puriod	30.9	19.0	46.2
Profit for the period	30.5	19.0	40.2
Adjustments for:	• • • •	10.6	22.2
Tax	16.6	10.6	27.7
Depreciation	44.3	34.9	72.5
Amortisation of intangibles	0.9	0.2	0.8
Interest income	(0.6)	(0.4)	(0.8)
Interest expense	6.4	3.2	7.2
Profit on sale of PPE	(2.4)	(1.7)	(2.8)
Share based payments	2.6	0.2	4.1
Changes in working capital			
(excluding the effects of exchange differences on consolidation):			
Increase in inventories	(10.6)	(4.1)	(5.5)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(5.6)	(11.4)	(27.6)
Increase in trade and other payables	16.6	9.9	32.8
Net movements in provisions for liabilities and charges	(2.5)	(0.6)	4.3
Net retirement benefit cost	(2.5)	0.7	1.3
Cash generated from operations	96.6	60.5	160.2
3 Cash and cash equivalents			
,	30 June	30 June	31 Dec
	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	2006 £ million
Cash at bank and in hand	6.5	8.2	12.5
Short-term bank deposits	1.6	0.4	0.5
	8.1	8.6	13.0
Cash and bank overdrafts include the following for the purposes of the cashflow	v statement:		
	30 June	30 June	31 Dec
	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	2006 £ million
Cash and cash equivalents	8.1	8.6	13.0
Bank overdrafts (Note 10)	(1.3)	(2.4)	(3.0)
Datik Overdiates (140te 17)		<del></del>	<u> </u>
	6.8	6.2	10.0

### Notes to the Interim Accounts continued

For the six months ended 30 June 2007 (unaudited)

4 Segmental reporting
(a) Revenue by segment

(a) Revenue by segment	7	otal revenue	•	Inte	er-segment r	evenue		External rev	enue/
	6 months	6 months	Year	6 months	6 months	Year	6 months	6 months	Year
	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended
	30 June	30 June	31 Dec	30 June	30 June 2006	31 Dec 2006	30 June 2007	30 June 2006	31 Dec 2006
	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	2006 £ million	2007 £ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million
Northern Europe	39.5	28.9	66.1	_	_	_	39.5	28.9	66.1
Continental Europe	37.2	29.9	69.6	_	_	_	37.2	29.9	69.6
North America	74.9	72.4	159.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	74.8	72.2	159.0
Middle East, Asia-Pacific,									
South America	53.5	35.4	77.9	0.2	0.2	0.3	53.3	35.2	77.6
Local Business	205.1	166.6	372.8	0.3	0.4	0.5	204.8	166.2	372.3
International Power Projects	112.8	72.5	170.1	0.1	0.7	1.7	112.7	71.8	168.4
Eliminations	(0.4)	(1.1)	(2.2)	(0.4)	(1.1)	(2.2)			=
Group	317.5	238.0	540.7	_			317.5	238.0	540.7

- (i) Inter-segment transfers or transactions are entered into under the normal commercial terms and conditions that would also be available to unrelated third parties.
- (ii) International Power Projects (IPP) is a global segment administered from Dubai. At the period end the assets of the International Power Projects segment are predominantly located in the Middle East, Asia-Pacific, South America and Africa.
- (iii) In accordance with how management monitors the business the results of our projects business in Europe are now included in Continental Europe instead of Northern Europe as previously reported. Comparative figures have been restated but the effect is not considered material.

(b) Profit by segment	-	r	_	Cain	/(loss) on sa	of DDE		Operating p	seofit.
	6 months	Frading profit  6 months	t Year	6 months	6 months	Year	6 months	6 months	Year
	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended
	30 June	30 June	31 Dec 2006	30 June 2007	30 June 2006	31 Dec 2006	30 June 2007	30 June 2006	31 Dec 2006
	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million
Northern Europe	3.9	0.2	3.5	_	0.3	0.6	3.9	0.5	4.1
Continental Europe	1.1	0.3	7.4	0.5	0.1	0.1	1.6	0.4	7.5
North America	11.2	12.3	33.8	0.3	1.2	2.2	11.5	13.5	36.0
Middle East, Asia-Pacific,									
South America	10.7	7.5	15.7	0.1		0.1	10.8	7.5	15.8
Local Business	26.9	20.3	60.4	0.9	1.6	3.0	27.8	21.9	63.4
International Power Projects	24.0	10.4	26.3	1.5	0.1	(0.2)	25.5	10.5	26.1
Group	50.9	30.7	86.7	2.4	1.7	2.8	53.3	32.4	89.5
Exceptional items (Note 5)							=		(9.2)
Operating profit post exception	onal item	s					53.3	32.4	80.3
Finance costs – net							(5.8)	(2.8)	(6.4)
Profit before taxation							47.5	29.6	73.9
Taxation							(16.6)	(10.6)	<u>(27.7</u> )
Profit for the period							30.9	19.0	46.2
•									

5 Exceptional items

The exceptional charge in 2006 related to the acquisition of GE Energy Rentals and comprises integration costs, redundancy and related costs, property and other costs.

### 6 Dividends

The dividends paid in the period were:

	6 months	6 months	Year
	ended	ended	ended
	30 June	30 June	31 Dec
	2007	2006	2006
Total dividend (£ million)	11.1	10.0	16.7
Dividend per share (pence)	4.19	3.77	6.30

An interim dividend in respect of 2007 of 3.04 pence (2006: 2.53 pence), amounting to a total dividend of £8.1 million (2006: £6.7 million) was declared during the period.

### 7 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share have been calculated by dividing the earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period, excluding shares held by the Employee Share Ownership Trusts which are treated as cancelled.

;	30 June 2007	30 June 2006	31 Dec 2006
Profit for the period (£ million)	30.9	19.0	46.2
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (million)	265.4	265.5	265.4
Basic earnings per share (pence)	11.64	7.14	17.41

For diluted earnings per share, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. These represent share options granted to employees where the exercise price is less than the average market price of the Company's ordinary shares during the period. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

Profit for the period (£ million)	30 June	30 June	31 Dec
	2007	2006	2006
	30.9	19.0	46.2
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (million) Adjustment for share options (million)	265.4	265.5	265.4
	3.3	2.3	2.4
Diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (million)	268.7	267.8	267.8
Diluted earnings per share (pence)	11.50	7.08	17.25

Aggreko plc assesses the performance of the group by adjusting earnings per share, calculated in accordance with IAS 33, to exclude items it considers to be non-recurring and believes that the exclusion of such items provides a better comparison of business performance. The calculation of earnings per ordinary share on a basis which excludes exceptional items is based on the following adjusted earnings:

Profit for the period Exclude exceptional items (net of attributable taxation)	30 June 2007 £ million 30.9	30 June 2006 £ million 19.0	31 Dec 2006 £ million 46.2 7.0
Adjusted earnings  An adjusted earnings per share figure is presented below:	30.9	19.0	53.2
Basic earnings per share pre-exceptional items (pence) Diluted earnings per share pre-exceptional items (pence)	11.64 11.50	7.14	20.05

### 8 Taxation

The taxation charge for the period is based on an estimate of the Group's expected annual effective rate of tax for 2007 which is currently estimated to be 35.0% (2006: 36.0%).

## Notes to the Interim Accounts continued

For the six months ended 30 June 2007 (unaudited)

9 Goodwill	2007 £ million
Cost Balance as at 1 January 2007	46.9
Exchange adjustments	(0.8)
At 30 June 2007	46.1
Accumulated impairment losses	
At 1 January 2007 and 30 June 2007	
Net book value at 1 January 2007	46.9
Net book value at 30 June 2007	46.1

The fair value adjustments relating to the acquisition of GE Energy Rentals on 4 December 2006 are provisional and will be finalised in the Annual Report & Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2007. During the period the Group paid £6.7 million of the deferred consideration for the fixed assets of GE Energy Rentals.

10 Financial assets/liabilities	30 June	30 June	31 Dec
	2007 £ million	2006 £ million	2006 £ million
Non-current	2 minon	~ mm	
Bank borrowings	228.9	82.6	207.9
Current			
Bank overdrafts	1.3	2.4	3.0
Bank borrowings	1.6	53.8	7.3
	2.9	56.2	10.3
Total borrowings	231.8	138.8	218.2
Short-term deposits	(1.6)	(0.4)	(0.5)
Cash at bank and in hand	(6.5)	(8.2)	(12.5)
Net borrowings	223.7	130.2	205.2
The bank overdrafts and borrowings are all unsecured.			
The maturity of financial liabilities			
The maturity profile of the borrowings was as follows:	20.1	70.1	21.15
	30 June 2007	30 June 2006	31 Dec 2006
	£ million	£ million	£ million
Within 1 year, or on demand	2.9	56.2	10.3
Between 1 and 2 years	-		
Between 2 and 3 years	133.3	82.6	123.8
Between 3 and 4 years	95.6	_	84.1
Between 4 and 5 years		120.0	
	231.8	138.8	218.2

### 11 Provisions

	Reorganisation	Statutory employee	
	and restructuring £ million	termination benefit £ million	Total £ million
At 1 January 2007	5.9	0.3	6.2
Utilised during the period	(2.5)		(2.5)
At 30 June 2007	3.4	0.3	3.7
	30 June 2007 £ million	30 June 2006 £ million	31 Dec 2006 £ million
Analysis of total provisions			
Current	2.6	0.3	5.9
Non-current	1.1	1.0	0.3
Total provisions	3.7	1.3	6.2

- (i) The provision for reorganisation and restructuring comprises the following:
  - (a) Estimated costs of restructuring the Group's North American, European and International operations and the provisions are generally in respect of severance, property and related costs. The provision is expected to be fully utilised before the end of 2007.
  - (b) Estimated costs related to the integration of the GE Energy Rentals business to the Group's global operations. These provisions are in respect of severance, property and other integration costs and are expected to be fully utilised within 8 years.
- (ii) The provision for statutory employee termination benefit relates to a statutory employee termination benefit scheme in France. The provision is expected to be utilised within 19 years.

### 12 Statement of changes in equity

12 Statement or changes in equity			Attributable	to equity h	olders of the	company		
	Ordinary share capital £ million	Share premium account £ million	Treasury r shares £ million	Capital edemption reserve £ million	Hedging reserve ( £ million	Foreign exchange reserve translation) £ million	Retained earnings £ million	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2007	53.9	7.2	(9.1)	0.1	1.2	(25.7)	198.6	226.2
Net movement in foreign currency	33.7	1.2	(7.1)	0.1	1.2	(23.1)	170.0	220.2
cash flow hedge		_	_	_	(0.3)	_	_	(0.3)
Net movement on interest rate swaps	-	_	_	_	0.3	_	_	0.3
Currency translation differences	_	_	_	_	-	(1.7)	_	(1.7)
Current tax on items taken to or						(2.17		(***)
transferred from equity	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.0	2.0
Deferred tax on items taken to or							2.0	2.0
transferred from equity	_	_	-	_	_	_	(0.7)	(0.7)
Actuarial gains on retirement benefits		_	_	_	_	_	3.1	3.1
Purchase of treasury shares		_	(4.3)	_	_	_	_	(4.3)
Credit in respect of employee share awa	rds -	_	-	_	_	_	2.6	2.6
Issue of ordinary shares to employees								
under share option schemes	_	_	2.8	_	_	_	(2.8)	_
New share capital subscribed (Note (i))	0.1	0.3	_	_	_	_		0.4
Profit for the period							30.9	30.9
Total recognised income/(loss) for the period	0.1	0.3	(1.5)			(1.7)	35.1	32.3
Dividends paid during period							(11.1)	(11.1)
Balance at 30 June 2007	54.0	7.5	(10.6)	0.1	1.2	(27.4)	222.6	247.4

<sup>(</sup>i) During the period 709,938 Ordinary Shares of 20 pence each have been issued, of these 467,079 were issued to participants in the Aggreko Performance Share Plan and the Aggreko Co-investment Plan at an option price of £1 for all the shares comprised in their award, the remaining shares were issued at prices ranging from £1.17 to £3.07.

### 13 Date of approval

The interim Accounts were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 September 2007.

## Independent Review Report to Aggreko plc

### Introduction

We have been instructed by the company to review the financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2007 which comprises the Group income statement, Group statement of recognised income and expense, Group balance sheet as at 30 June 2007, Group cash flow statement and associated notes. We have read the other information contained in the interim report and considered whether it contains any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial information.

### Directors' responsibilities

The interim report, including the financial information contained therein, is the responsibility of, and has been approved by the directors. The Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority require that the accounting policies and presentation applied to the interim figures should be consistent with those applied in preparing the preceding annual accounts except where any changes, and the reasons for them, are disclosed.

This interim report has been prepared in accordance with the basis set out in Note 1.

### Review work performed

We conducted our review in accordance with guidance contained in Bulletin 1999/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board for use in the United Kingdom. A review consists principally of making enquiries of group management and applying analytical procedures to the financial information and underlying financial data and, based thereon, assessing whether the disclosed accounting policies have been applied. A review excludes audit procedures such as tests of controls and verification of assets, liabilities and transactions. It is substantially less in scope than an audit and therefore provides a lower level of assurance. Accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial information. This report, including the conclusion, has been prepared for and only for the company for the purpose of the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority and for no other purpose. We do not, in producing this report, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

#### Review conclusion

On the basis of our review we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial information as presented for the six months ended 30 June 2007.

Chartered Accountants

Piùenseleshouse Coopers LLP

Glasgow

13 September 2007

### **Low-Cost Share Dealing Service**

Hoare Govett Limited provide a low-cost share dealing service in Aggreko plc shares which enables investors to buy or sell for a brokerage fee of 1% (plus 0.5% stamp duty on purchases) with a minimum charge of £15. Details may be obtained by telephoning Hoare Govett Limited Service Helplines 020 7661 6617 (sales) and 020 7661 6616 (purchases) during market hours. Please note that this service is only available to UK residents. Hoare Govett Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

### Payment of Dividends by BACS

Many Shareholders have already arranged for dividends to be paid by mandate directly to their bank or building society account. The Company mandates dividends through the BACS (Bankers' Automated Clearing Services) system. The benefit to Shareholders of the BACS payment method is that the Registrar posts the tax vouchers directly to them, whilst the dividend is credited on the payment date to the Shareholder's bank or building society account. Shareholders who have not yet arranged for their dividends to be paid directly to their bank or building society account and wish to benefit from this service should request the Company's Registrar to send them a Dividend/Interest mandate form or alternatively complete the mandate form accompanying their dividend warrant and tax voucher in November 2007.

### **Online Shareholder Services**

Shareholders may wish to take advantage of the "Online" enquiry service offered by the Registrar. This service allows the Shareholder to access his/her own account to verify address details and the number of shares held. The service can be obtained on www.capitaregistrars.com where there is also an "Information Zone" which provides answers to many questions frequently asked by Shareholders. The Registrar also offers a share dealing service to existing Shareholders.

### Secretary and Registered Office

A Paul Allen Aggreko plc 8th Floor 120 Bothwell Street GLASGOW G2 7JS UNITED KINGDOM Tel 0141 225 5900 Fax 0141 225 5949 E-mail investors@aggreko.com Company No. SC177553

### Registrars and Transfer Office

Capita Registrars
Northern House
Woodsome Park
Fenay Bridge
HUDDERSFIELD
West Yorkshire HD8 0LA
UNITED KINGDOM
Tel 0870 162 3100
Website www.capitaregistrars.com

### Stockbrokers

ABN Amro – Hoare Govett – London Citibank Global Markets – London

#### **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP – Glasgow Chartered Accountants

### Financial Calendar

Results announced Report posted Annual General Meeting Ex-dividend date Dividend record date Dividend payment date

Year ending 31 December 2007	6 months ended 30 June 2007
Early March 2008	13 September 2007
Mid March 2008	26 September 2007
Late April 2008	•
Late April 2008	17 October 2007
Late April 2008	19 October 2007
Late May 2008	16 November 2007

# Financial Summary

Full year	Dec 03	Dec 04	Dec 05	Dec 06	
Revenue (£m)	331.8	323.6	417.7	540.7	
Trading profit (£m)	42.1	45.1	59.6	86.7	
Trading margin (%)	12.7	13.9	14.3	16.0	
Finance cost (£m)	(4.6)	(3.9)	(4.3)	(6.4)	
Profit before tax (£m)	40.1	42.5	56.4	83.1	
Diluted earnings per share (pence)	10.14	10.79	13.72	19.87	
Net operating assets (£m)	323.7	296.8	356.5	423.1	
Capital expenditure (£m)	61.9	56.3	80.2	128.0	
Net debt (£m)	(99.9)	(82.1)	(102.9)	(205.2)	
Shareholders' equity (£m)	185.9	178.5	208.2	226.2	
Half 1	Jun 03	Jun 04	Jun 05	Jun 06	Jun 07
Revenue (£m)	159.3	150.8	167.2	238.0	317.5
Trading profit (£m)	17.8	16.8	17.8	30.7	50.9
Trading margin (%)	11.2	11.1	10.7	12.9	16.0
Finance cost (£m)	(2.4)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(2.8)	(5.8)
Profit before tax (£m)	17.2	15.7	16.6	29.6	47.5
Diluted earnings per share (pence)	4.36	3.98	4.13	7.08	11.50
Net operating assets (£m)	344.5	306.3	321.8	383.2	456.1
Capital expenditure (£m)	42.1	27.8	29.1	70.6	84.3
Net debt (£m)	(131.8)	(97.9)	(99.7)	(130.2)	(223.7)
Shareholders' equity (£m)	180.4	171.9	183.4	213.0	247.4
Half 2	Dec 03	Dec 04	Dec 05	Dec 06	
Revenue (£m)	172.5	172.8	250.5	302.7	
Trading profit (£m)	24.3	28.3	41.8	56.0	
Trading margin (%)	14.1	16.4	16.7	18.5	
Finance cost (£m)	(2.2)	(2.1)	(2.5)	(3.6)	
Profit before tax (£m)	22.9	26.8	39.8	53.5	
Diluted earnings per share (pence)	5.78	6.81	9.59	12.79	
Net operating assets (£m)	323.7	296.8	356.5	423.1	
Capital expenditure (£m)	19.8	28.5	51.1	57.4	
Net debt (£m)	(99.9)	(82.1)	(102.9)	(205.2)	
Shareholders' equity (£m)	185.9	178.5	208.2	226.2	

<sup>(1)</sup> Trading profit represents operating profit before gain on sale of property, plant and equipment.

Designed and produced by Tayburn Corporate

